

# **OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL**

# 12925A

PAPER TAPE READER SUBSYSTEM

(FOR THE HP 2100-SERIES COMPUTER SYSTEMS)

### **Options Covered**

This manual covers option 015 in addition to the standard HP 12925A Paper Tape Reader Subsystem.

## HP 12925A PAPER TAPE READER SUBSYSTEM

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The HP 12925A Paper Tape Punch Subsystem consists of all the equipment and software required to provide paper-tape-reading capability for the HP 2100-Series Computer Systems. Subsystem components consist of a tape reader and accessories, an interface PCA, an interface cable, an interface test connector, and requisite software which includes diagnostics.

The subsystem read rate is 500 characters per second. Tape composition can be any diffuse material with less than 60 percent transmissivity. The standard subsystem has 115-volt, 60-hertz power requirements while option 015 has 230-volt, 50-hertz power requirements. Additional details regarding the performance and capabilities of subsystem components are provided in the operating and service manuals supplied with the subsystem.

## **EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED**

The following components and documentation are supplied with the subsystem:

- HP 2748B Tape Reader.
- HP 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit.
- HP 2748B Tape Reader Operating and Service Manual, part no. 02748-90032.
- HP 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit Operating and Service Manual, part no. 12597-90022.

### ACCESSORIES

The following accessories are provided with each tape reader:

Power cable.

• Rack-mounting kit.

### **OPTIONS**

Option 015 is for 230-volt, 50-hertz operation.





# OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

# 12597A-002

TAPE READER INTERFACE KIT (FOR 2100, 2114, 2115, AND 2116 COMPUTERS)

Card Assembly 12597-6001, Rev 832

Note

This manual should be retained with the applicable computer system documentation.

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# SECTION I

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### 1-1. INTRODUCTION.

1-2. This manual provides general information, installation instructions, programming instructions, theory of operation, maintenance information, and replaceable parts information for the Hewlett-Packard (HP) 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit (see figure 1-1).

### 1-3. DESCRIPTION.

### 1-4. GENERAL.

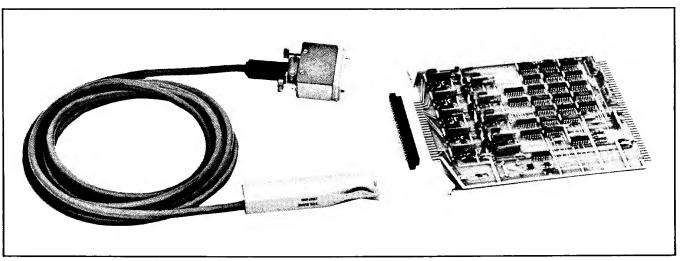
1-5. The HP 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit supplies the interfacing requirements for the addition of an HP 2748A/B Tape Reader or an HP 2758A Tape Reader-Reroller to the user's computer system.

### 1-6. INTERFACE KIT CONTENTS.

- 1-7. The HP 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit consists of the following:
  - a. Tape reader interface card (part no. 12597-6001).
  - b. Interface cable (part no. 12597-6004).
  - c. Test connector, 24-pin (part no. 1251-0332).
- d. Operating and service manual (part no. 12597-90022).

### 1-8. IDENTIFICATION

- 1-9. Hewlett-Packard uses five digits and a letter (00000A) to identify standard interface kits and three digits (-000) to identify options to standard interface kits. If the designation of the kit received does not agree with the designation on the title page of this manual, there are differences between the kit received and the kit described in this manual. These differences are explained in manual supplements available at HP Sales and Service Offices. (Addresses of these offices are listed at the back of this manual.)
- 1-10. In addition to a part number, each plug-in printed-circuit card is identified by a letter, a date code, and a division code (e.g., A-921-22). These are marked on the card beneath the part number. The letter identifies the version of the etched circuit on the card. The date code (three or four digits) refers to the electrical characteristics of the board with components mounted. The division code (one or two digits) identifies the Hewlett-Packard division which manufactured the card. If the date code on a printed-circuit card does not agree with the date code shown on the title page of this manual, the card differs from the one described in this manual. These differences are explained in a manual supplement available at HP Sales and Service Offices.
- 1-11. The interface cable is identified by its part number, marked on one of the plugs attached to the cable.



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Figure 1-1. HP 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit

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1-12. The manual and manual supplements are identified by title, part number, and publication date, marked on the title page of the document. Supplements, if required, are bound to the back of the manual.

## 1-13. SPECIFICATIONS.

1-14. Table 1-1 lists the specifications for the HP 12597 A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit.

Table 1-1. Tape Reader Interface Kit Specifications

CHARACTERISTICS	SPECIFICATIONS
Output Levels "1" state "0" state	0 to +0.5V, 12 mA sink max. +12V, 10K source
Input Levels "1" state "0" state	0 to +0.5V, 12 mA sink max. +8V
Computer Power Supply Current Requirements +12V -12V -2V +4.5V	0.05A 0.02A 0.05A 0.75A
Interface Card Dimensions Width Height	7-3/4 inches (196,8 mm) 8-11/16 inches (220,7 mm)
Interface Kit Weight Net Weight Shipping Weight	18 oz (675 gm) 4∃b (1,8 kg)

12597A-002 Section II

# SECTION II INSTALLATION

### 2-1. INTRODUCTION.

2-2. This section provides information on unpacking and inspection, reshipment, preparation for installation, and installation of the tape reader interface kit.

### 2-3. UNPACKING AND INSPECTION.

- 2-4. If the tape reader interface kit is received separated from the computer, inspect the carton containing the kit before opening. If there is external evidence of damage, or if the box rattles, request that the carrier's agent be present when the carton is opened.
- 2-5. Inspect each component of the kit as the parts are unpacked. Look for such evidence of damage as cracks, dents, broken components, detached parts, corrosion, water damage, etc. If any part of the kit is damaged, retain the carton, packing material, and shipping papers, and immediately notify the carrier and the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. The Sales and Service Office will arrange for repair or replacement of damaged parts without waiting for settlement of claims against the carrier.

### 2-6. RESHIPMENT.

- 2-7. If an item of the kit is to be shipped to Hewlett-Packard for service or repair, attach a tag to the item identifying the owner and indicating the service or repair to be accomplished. Include the model number of the kit.
- 2-8. Pack the item in the original factory packing material if available. If the original material is not available, standard factory packing material can be obtained from the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office.
- 2-9. If standard factory packing material is not used, wrap the item in air cap TH-240 cushioning (manufactured by Sealed Air Corporation, Hawthorn, N.J.) or equivalent and place in a corrugated carton (200 pound test material). Seal the shipping carton securely and mark it "FRAGILE" to ensure careful handling.

### 2-10. PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION.

## 2-11. CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.

2-12. The interface card in this kit obtains its operating currents from the computer power supply. Before installing this interface card, determine the sum of the current requirements of this card in combination with any other interface or accessory cards already installed in the computer. Volume Three of the computer system documentation describes the procedure for calculating the total current requirements. If the total current requirements exceed the limitations of the computer power supply, an

HP power supply extender unit or I/O extender unit must be used. See table 1-1 for the current requirements of the tape reader interface card.

#### 2-13. INTERFACE CARD JUMPERS.

2-14. There are several jumper wires on the tape reader interface card. These jumpers are used to adapt the card for use with I/O devices other than the tape reader. Before installation of the interface card, ensure that the jumpers are positioned as described in table 2-1 (see figure 5-2 for physical location of the jumpers).

Table 2-1. Interface Card Jumper Positions

JUMPER POSITION			
W1	А		
W2	A		
W3	Connected		
W4	Connected		
W5	Connected		
W6	Connected		
W7	Connected		
W8	Disconnected		
W9	Disconnected		

### 2-15. INSTALLATION.

- 2-16. To install the tape reader interface kit, proceed as follows:
  - a. Turn computer and tape reader power off.
- b. Insert the interface card in the computer I/O card slot corresponding to the desired select code (address).
- c. Turn on power to the computer and perform diagnostic test procedure (part number 12554-90023 for 2114, 2115, and 2116 Computers, or part number 12554-90026 for 2100 Computers), in the Manual of Diagnostics, to verify proper operation of the tape reader interface card.
  - d. Turn computer power off.
- e. Connect the 48-pin connector end of the interface cable to the interface card.
- $f. \quad \text{Connect the other end of the interconnecting cable} \\ \text{to the tape reader.}$
- g. Apply power to the computer and the tape reader and perform diagnostic test procedure (part number 02737-90191 for 2114, 2115, and 2116 Computers, or part number 5951-1363 for 2100 Computers) as described in the Manual of Diagnostics, to verify proper operation of the interface card in conjunction with the tape reader.

12597 A-002 Section III

# SECTION III PROGRAMMING

### 3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section provides programming information for the 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit.

### 3-3. GENERAL.

3-4. The tape reader interface card provides command logic to start the tape reader and flag logic to signal the computer when the tape reader has data ready for transfer. An input storage register provides buffer storage for transfer of eight bits of data from the tape reader to the computer. The following paragraphs provide information required to program the operation of the command, flag, and input register logic on the tape reader interface card.

### 3-5. I/O ADDRESSING.

3-6. Through the use of the I/O extender options, some HP computers are capable of operating up to 56 I/O devices. To provide orderly I/O operations, each I/O slot is

assigned a two digit octal address called a select code. All program instructions calling for action by the tape reader interface card must include the interface card's select code.

### 3-7. SAMPLE PROGRAM.

- 3-8. Table 3-1 provides a sample program showing the use of the tape reader interface card to operate an HP 2748A/B or 2758A Tape Reader. The sample is an actual program listing prepared on an HP computer system using the HP Assembler software package.
- 3-9. The program will cause 100 characters to be read from a punched tape and stored in 100 consecutive memory locations. To supply the I/O addressing requirements, the tape reader interface card has been arbitrarily assigned a select code of 13 octal.
- 3-10. The sample program does not use the computer interrupt system. If the interrupt system has been previously enabled, a CLF 00 instruction must be included at the start of the program to turn off the interrupt system.

Table 3-1. Sample Program

```
PAGE 0002 #01
0001
                     ASMB, A, B, L, T
42000
        THIS IS A SAMPLE PROGRAM DEMONSTRATING THE USE OF THE
0003*
        HP 12597A-002 INTERFACE TO CONTROL THE OPERATION OF
0004*
        AN HP 2748A OR 2758A TAPE READER. THIS PROGRAM WILL
0005*
        READ 100, 8-BIT CHARACTERS USING THE TAPE READER AND
0006*
        STORE THEM IN 100 CONSECUTIVE CORE LOCATIONS. SELECT-
0007*
0008*
        CODE ADDRESS OF THE TAPE READER IS 13 OCTAL.
0009#
0010 00100
                           ORG 100B
                                      PROGRAM STARTS AT ADDRESS 100 OCTAL.
0011*
0012
      00100 060270
                    START LDA CNT
                                      INITIALIZE A COUNT-BY-100 COUNTER
0013
      00101 070267
                           STA CNTR
                                        AND STORE IN LOCATION CNTR.
0014
      00102 060121
                                      ASSIGN BEGINNING ADDRESS OF STORAGE
                           LDA ITBL
0015
      00103 070266
                           STA PNTR
                                        BLOCK TO ADDRESS POINTER "PNTR".
0016*
0017 00104 014113
                    GO
                           JSB READ
                                      JUMP TO SUBROUTINE LABLED READ.
0018*
0019 00105 170266
                           STA PNTR+I STORE NEW CHARACTER IN LOCATION
0020*
                                      SPECIFIED BY POINTER.
0021 00106 034266
                           ISZ PNTR
                                      INCREMENT POINTER FOR NEXT STORAGE.
0022
      00107 034267
                          ISZ CNTR
                                      INCREMENT COUNTER. 100 OPERATIONS?
0023
      00110 024104
                           JMP GO
                                      NO. READ ANOTHER CHARACTER.
                                      YES. HALT PROGRAM.
0024
      00111 102077
                          HLT 77B
0025
      00112 024100
                           JMP START
                                      TO RERUN PROGRAM. PRESS "RUN".
0026*
0027*
       **SUBROUTINE**
0028*
        THIS PORTION OF THE PROGRAM INSTRUCTS THE INTERFACE
0029*
        TO OPERATE THE TAPE READER.
0030*
0031
      00113 000000
                    READ NOP
                                      ENTRY POINT.
0032
      00114 103713
                           STC PTR,C
                                      START TAPE READER.
0033
      00115 102313
                          SFS PTR
                                      HAS READER COMPLETED OPERATION?
9934
      00116 024115
                           JMP #-1
                                      NO. WAIT.
0035
      00117 102513
                          LIA PTR
                                      YES. PUT CHARACTER IN "A" REGISTER.
                          JMP READ+I RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM WITH NEW
0036
      00120 124113
0037*
                                      CHARACTER.
0038*
0039*
0040+
        CONSTANT AND STORAGE INFORMATION.
0041*
0042
      00121 000122
                    ITBL
                          DEF TBL
                          BSS 100
0043
      00122 000000
                    TBL
0044
      00266 000000
                    PNTR
                          BSS 1
0045
      00267 000000
                    CNTR
                          BSS 1
0046
      00270 177634
                    CNT
                          DEC -100
0047
      00013
                    PTR
                          EQU 138
0048*
0049
                          END START
** NO ERRORS*
```

12597A-002 Section IV

# **SECTION IV**

## THEORY OF OPERATION

### 4-1. INTRODUCTION.

4-2. This section provides the theory of operation for the 12597-6001 Tape Reader Interface Card.

### 43. FUNCTIONAL THEORY OF OPERATION.

- 4-4. Figure 4-1 is a flow chart showing the functional theory of operation for the tape reader interface card. The programmed instructions shown on the flowchart are the same as those used in the subroutine portion of the sample program (table 3-1) in section III of this manual.
- 4-5. The first programmed instruction (STC,C) sets the Control and Command FFs and clears the flag buffer and Flag FFs. The set side of the Command FF provides a Read signal which starts the operation of the tape reader. When the tape reader has completed its operation, it supplies a Feed Hole signal which sets the Flag Buffer FF, clears the Command FF, and loads the eight bits of data from the tape reader into the interface card's input storage register. The next ENF (T2) signal after the Flag Buffer FF sets will set the Flag FF.
- 4-6. Since the tape reader operates at a speed considerably slower than the computer, some means must be provided to signal the computer when the tape reader has completed its operation. Figure 4-1 shows the next instruction to be an SFS instruction. If the Flag FF is not set (tape reader is still busy), the computer executes a JMP \*-1 instruction and again executes the SFS instruction. The computer will stay in this wait-for-flag loop until the Flag FF is finally set.
- 4-7. When the Flag FF sets, the interface card generates an SKF signal which causes the computer to skip the JMP \*-1 instruction and proceed with the next instruction (LIA). The interface card then transfers the 8-bit data word to the computer's A-register.

### 4-8. DETAILED THEORY OF OPERATION.

### 4-9. GENERAL.

- 4-10. Diagrams that support the detailed theory of operation of the tape reader interface include the timing diagram (figure 4-4) in this section and the logic diagram (figure 5-2) in section V of this manual.
- 4-11. For an index of signals to and from the 86-pin edge of the interface card, see volume two of the computer system documentation. For interface cable signals, see table 5-2 in section V of this manual.

- 4-12. Logic levels between the computer and the interface card and logic levels internal to the interface card are positive-true. The term "true" refers to a signal level of approximately +3.5 volts and "false" refers to a level of approximately ground. These signal levels vary depending on the integrated circuit package involved. Detailed signal level information for the various integrated circuit packages is provided in figure 5-1.
- 4-13. Signals to and from the tape reader are ground-true and are detailed in table 1-1.

#### 4-14. POWER-ON LOGIC.

- 4-15. When power is initially applied to the computer or the computer's PRESET switch is pressed, the computer supplies a POPIO and a CRS signal to the interface card. The POPIO signal sets the Flag Buffer FF; the CRS signal clears the Control and Command FFs. The Control FF, in the clear state, disables the interrupt circuitry on the interface card. A cleared Command FF ensures that the tape reader will be receiving a false Read signal. At time T2 the computer generates an ENF signal which is gated with the set-side of the Flag Buffer FF to set the Flag FF. The ENF signal also ensures that the IRQ FF is in the clear state.
- 4-16. The initial operating conditions of the tape reader interface card after power on are: Flag Buffer and Flag FFs set and Control, Command, and IRQ FFs cleared.

### 4-17. COMMAND LOGIC.

- 4-18. The first programmed instruction required for a tape reading operation is an STC xx,C (combined Set Control and Clear Flag) instruction with the select code (xx) of the tape reader interface card. As a result of this instruction, the interface card receives true IOG, SCM, SCL, STC, and CLF signals which set the Control and Command FFs and clear the Flag and Flag Buffer FFs.
- 4-19. The set side of the Control FF provides an enable for the interface card interrupt circuitry. Interrupt operation is described in detail in paragraph 4-25. The set side of the Command FF is level amplified and sent to the tape reader as a Read signal. The tape reader reads one 8-bit word and puts the word on the eight data signal lines from the reader to the interface card. In the clear state, the Flag and Flag Buffer FFs provide the initial operating conditions for the following discussion of the interface card flag logic.

### 4-20. FLAG LOGIC.

4-21. When the tape reader completes a read operation, it supplies a Feed Hole signal (so named because it is generated by the feed holes in the tape). The Feed Hole

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signal is converted to a 300-nanosecond pulse which clears the Command FF, sets the Flag Buffer FF, and latches the 8-bit word from the tape reader into the input storage register.

- 4-22. The timing of the flag logic at this point is dependent on the timing of the tape reader and is not related to the computer timing. An ENF signal is supplied by the computer every machine cycle at time T2. This signal is gated with the output of the Flag Buffer FF (now in the set state) to set the Flag FF. This action synchronizes the affect of the Feed Hole signal with the computer timing by allowing the Flag FF to be set only at computer time T2.
- 4-23. When the Flag FF is in the set state, the interface card flag logic responds by generating either an SKF signal, FLG and IRQ signals, or an SRQ signal. These signals indicate to the computer that an 8-bit word is in the input storage register and is ready to be transferred to the computer. The following paragraphs describe how these signals are generated and how they are used by the computer.
- 4-24. SKIP-ON-FLAG SIGNAL. If the computer is programmed to wait for the Flag FF to be set (SFS instruction followed by a JMP \*-1 instruction for example), the resulting SFS signal gated with a true signal from the set side of the Flag FF will generate an SKF signal. This causes the computer to skip the next programmed instruction (in this case JMP \*-1) and proceed with the program. Figure 4-2 illustrates the generation of an SKF signal by the interface card. Notice that an SKF signal can also be generated when the Flag FF is in the clear state by programming an SFC instruction. Either way, the state of the Flag FF is being tested and the computer must be programmed to respond accordingly.
- 4-25. INTERRUPT SIGNALS. If the computer's interrupt system has been enabled by an STF 00 instruction, the computer can be doing work in the main program rather than waiting for the Flag FF to be set. Figure 4-3 illustrates the functions involved in an interrupt operation. To interrupt the main program when the tape reader is ready, the following conditions must be met:
  - a. Control FF set (paragraph 4-18).
  - b. Flag Buffer FF set (paragraph 4-21).
  - c. Flag FF set (paragraph 4-22).
  - d. IEN signal true (interrupt system enabled).
  - e. PRH signal true (no higher priority interrupts).

4-26. When all of these conditions are established, an SIR signal from the computer at time T5 will set the IRQ FF which generates true FLG and IRQ signals. These signals are used by the computer I/O control and addressing circuits to generate an interrupt request signal.

- 4-27. At time T2 after interrupt is initiated, an ENF signal clears the IRQ FF. An SIR signal again sets the IRQ FF if the PRH signal is still true at time T5 during the interrupt phase. The FLG and IRQ signals this time are used by the computer I/O control and addressing circuits to encode the interrupt address.
- 4-28. The next machine cycle will be under control of the instruction located at the interrupt address in memory. During this machine cycle, an IAK signal clears the Flag Buffer FF and an ENF signal at time T2 clears the IRQ FF. The Flag FF remains set to inhibit lower priority interrupts by providing a false PRL signal. A CLF instruction must be programmed to clear the Flag FF and enable lower priority interrupts just before returning to the main program.
- 4-29. SERVICE REQUEST LOGIC.
- 4-30. If the computer is equipped with the Direct Memory Access (DMA) option, and the DMA circuits have been initialized, the 8-bit word from the tape reader can be transferred directly into the computer memory. When the Flag FF on the interface card is set, the interface card supplies a true SRQ signal which enables the DMA circuits. The DMA circuits then suspend the computer program for one machine cycle and provide the necessary signals to transfer the 8-bit word to the computer memory.
- 4-31. Refer to the applicable DMA option operating and service manual for detailed information on DMA controlled I/O operations.

### 4-32. INPUT REGISTER LOGIC.

4-33. As described in paragraph 4-21, the Feed Hole signal latches the 8-bit word from the tape reader into the input storage register. An LIA, LIB, MIA, or MIB instruction in the main program or in an interrupt subroutine transfers the word from the input storage register to the computer A- or B-register. Any one of these instructions with the select code of the tape reader interface card supplies true IOG, SCM, SCL, and IOI signals to the interface card. The IOI signal strobes the 8 bits from the input storage register onto the IOBI lines (bits 0-7). With the 8 bits of data in the computer, the operation of the tape reader interface card is complete.

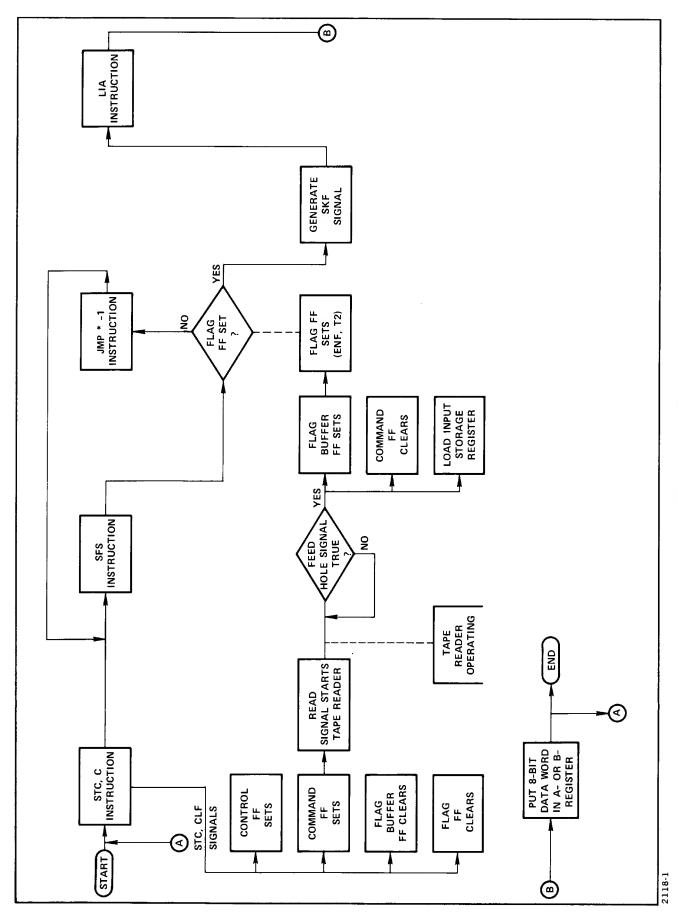


Figure 4-1. Tape Reader Interface Card Functional Operation Flow Chart

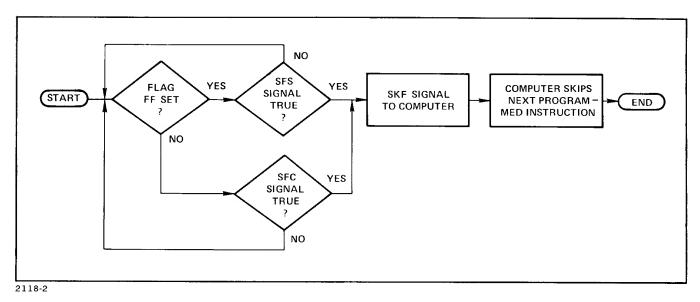


Figure 4-2. Skip-On-Flag Signal Generation Flow Chart

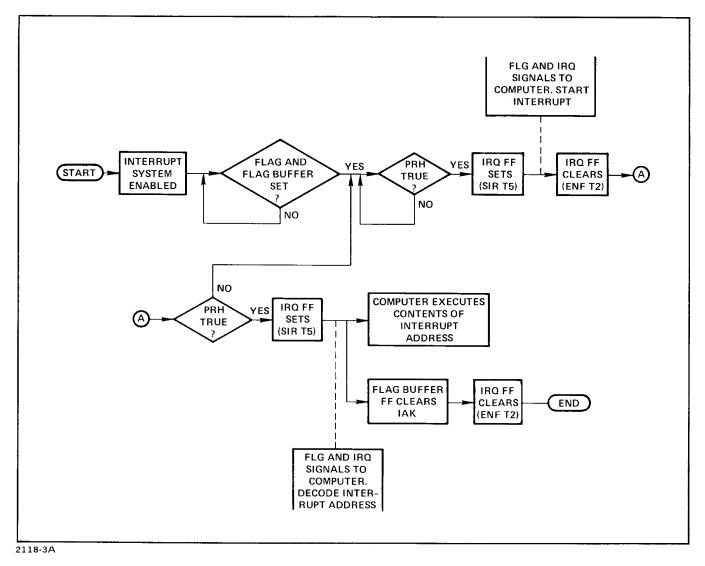


Figure 4-3. Interrupt Operation Flow Chart

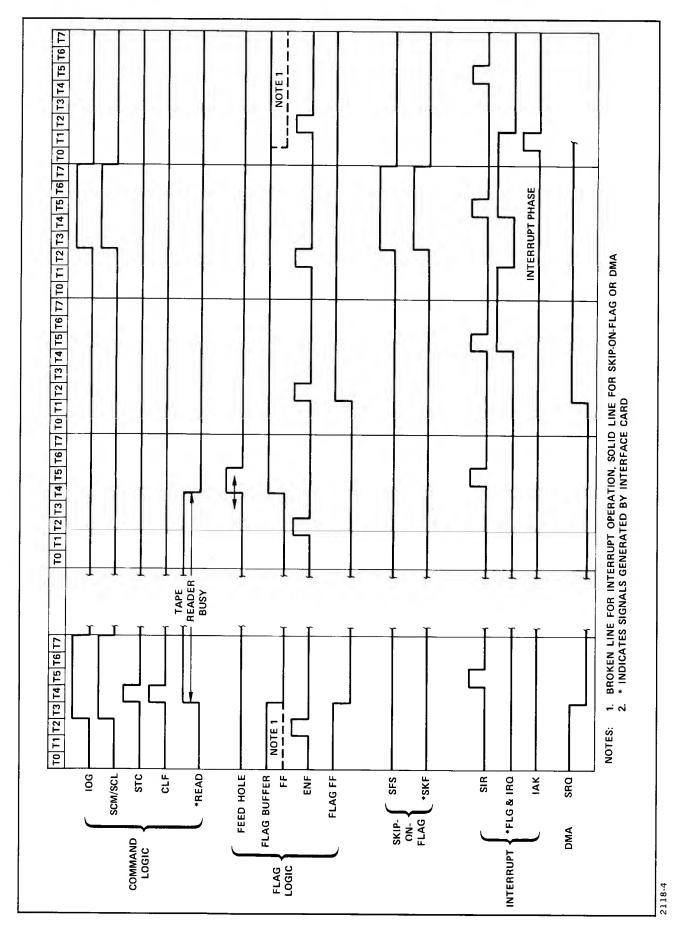


Figure 4-4. Overall Timing Diagram Showing Operation with 2114, 2115, and 2116 Computers

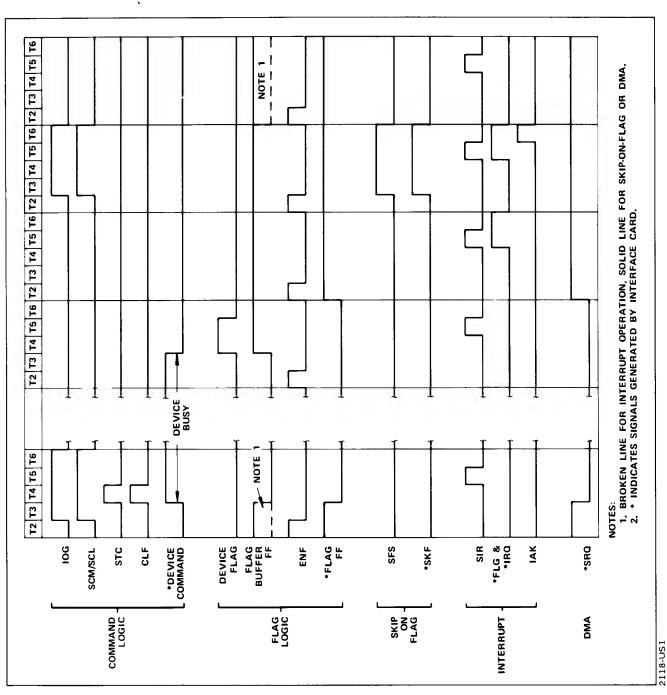


Figure 4-5. Overall Timing Diagram Showing Operation with 2100 Computer

12597A-002 Section V

# SECTION V MAINTENANCE

### 5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section provides maintenance information for the tape reader interface kit. Included are preventive maintenance instructions, troubleshooting instructions, and maintenance data consisting of an interface card replaceable parts list (table 5-1), information pertaining to the integrated circuit pin connections and characteristics (figure 5-1), an interface card parts location diagram and logic diagram (figure 5-2), and an interface cable signal index (table 5-2).

### 5-3. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

5-4. Preventive maintenance for the tape reader interface kit should be performed along with the preventive maintenance routines for the computer system.

5-5. Preventive maintenance consists of running the combined tape reader and tape reader interface diagnostic test procedure (part number 02737-90101 for 2114, 2115, and 2116 Computers, or part number 5951-1363 for 2100 Computers), as described in the Manual of Diagnostics. Also, visually inspect the interface card, cable, and connectors for burned or broken components, connections, and insulation.

### 5-6. TROUBLESHOOTING.

- 5-7. Troubleshooting the tape reader interface card is accomplished by running the diagnostic test procedure (part number 12554-90023 for 2114, 2115, and 2116 Computers and part number 12554-90026 for 2100 Computers), as described in the Manual of Diagnostics and analyzing error halts as they occur.
- 5-8. Use the maintenance data contained in this section to further isolate faulty components.

Table 5-1.	Tape Reader	Interface Card	l Replaceable	Parts List
------------	-------------	----------------	---------------	------------

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	HP PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NO.
C1 thru C8,18	0140-0198	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 200 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0198
C9 thru C16	0140-0191	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 56 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0191
C17	0140-0192	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 68 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0192
C19,22	0160-0153	Capacitor, Fxd, My, 1000 pF, 10%, 200 VDCW	28480	0160-0153
C20,21	0160-0154	Capacitor, Fxd, My, 2200 pF, 10%	28480	0160-0154
C23 thru C32	0180-0197	Capacitor, Fxd, Elect, 2.2 uF, 10%, 20 VDCW	56289	150D225X 9020A2
CR9 thru CR17	1901-0040	Diode, Si, 30 mA, 30 WV	07263	FDG1088
MC15,36	1820-0068	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7410A
MC16,26,47	1820-0956	Integrated Circuit, CTL	07263	SL3459
MC17,25,27,37,46,57,86,94	1820-0054	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7400A
MC34,44,64,74	1820-0301	Integrated Circuit, TTL	01295	SN7475N
MC35	1820-0069	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7420A
MC45,55,65,75	1820-0974	Integrated Circuit, CTL	07263	SL4817
MC56,66	1820-0071	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7440A
Q1 thru Q18	1854-0215	Transistor, Si, NPN	04713	SPS3611
R1 thru R8,18	0757-0417	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 562 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0417
R9 thru R17	0757-0442	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 10.0k, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0442
R19,22,23	0698-3445	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 348 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-3445
R20,30,31	0698-3440	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 196 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-3440
R21	0698-0082	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 464 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-0082
R24,25,28,32	0757-0280	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 1k, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0280
R26,27	0757-0401	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 100 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0401
R29	0757-1094	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 1.47k, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-1094
R101,103,105,107,109, 111,113,115,117,118	1810-0008	Resistor Network (6 fxd flm resistors)	28480	1810-0008
R119 thru R122	1810-0020	Resistor Network (7 fxd flm resistors)	28480	1810-0020
W1 thru W7	8159-0005	Jumper Wire	28480	8159-0005

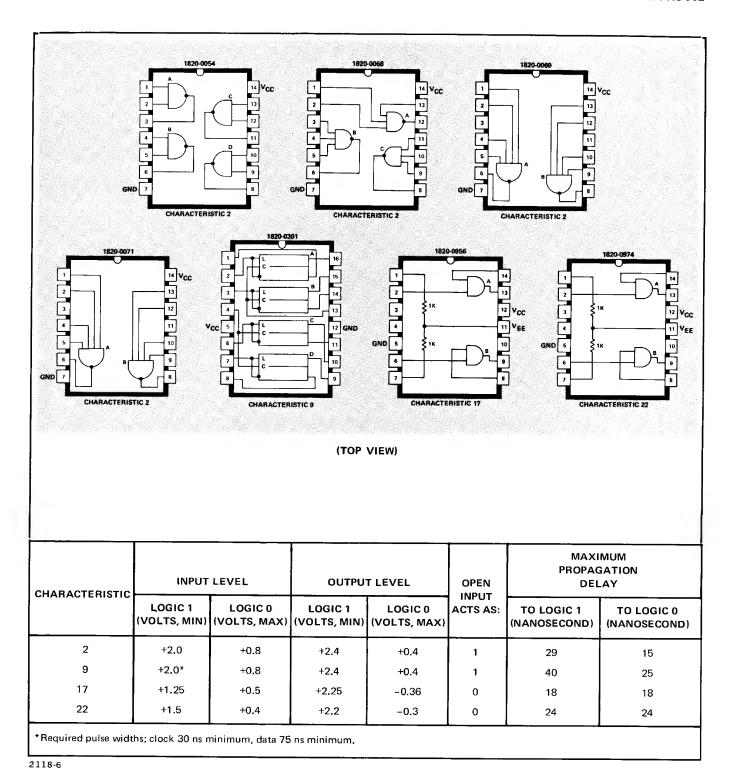
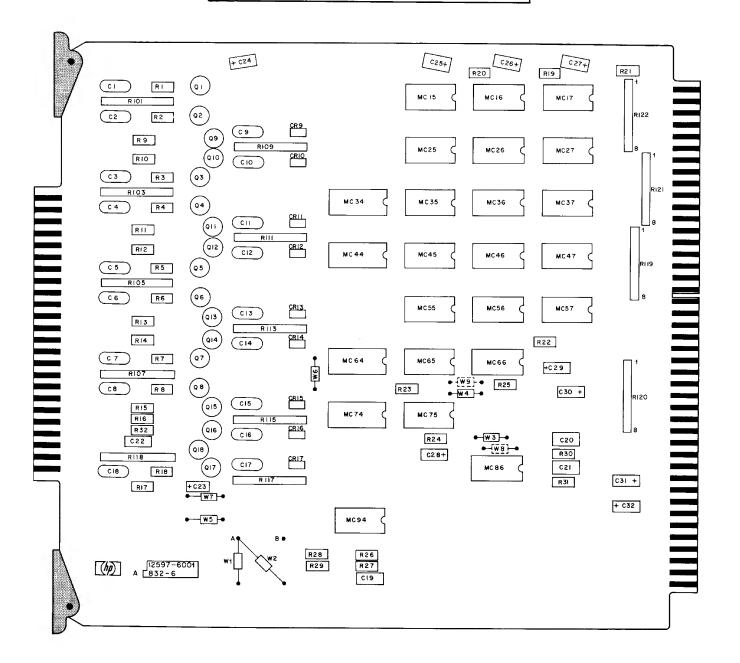


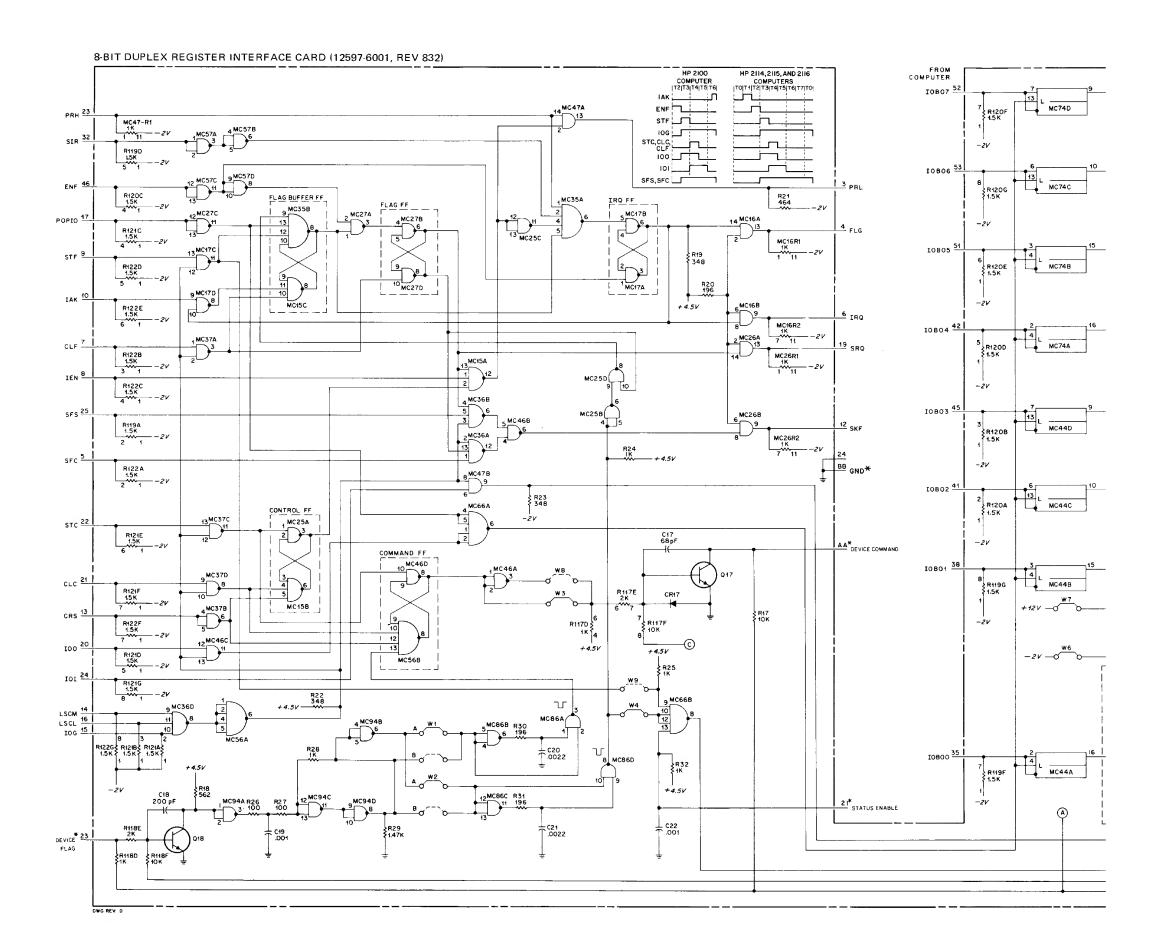
Figure 5-1. Integrated Circuit Pin Connections and Characteristics

Table 5-2. Interface Cable Signal Index

T	O I/O DEVICE	FROM I/O DEVICE		
PIN*	SIGNAL	PIN*	SIGNAL	
Α	Bit 0	1	Bit 0	
В	Bit 1	2	Bit 1	
С	Bit 2	3	Bit 2	
D	Bit 3	4	Bit 3	
E	Bit 4	5	Bit 4	
F	Bit 5	6	Bit 5	
H	Bit 6	7	Bit 6	
J	Bit 7	8	Bit 7	
AA	Device Command	21	Status Enable	
вв	Ground	23	Device Flag	
	}	24	Ground	

<sup>\*</sup>All pin designations are for the 48-pin cable connector at the computer-end of the cable.





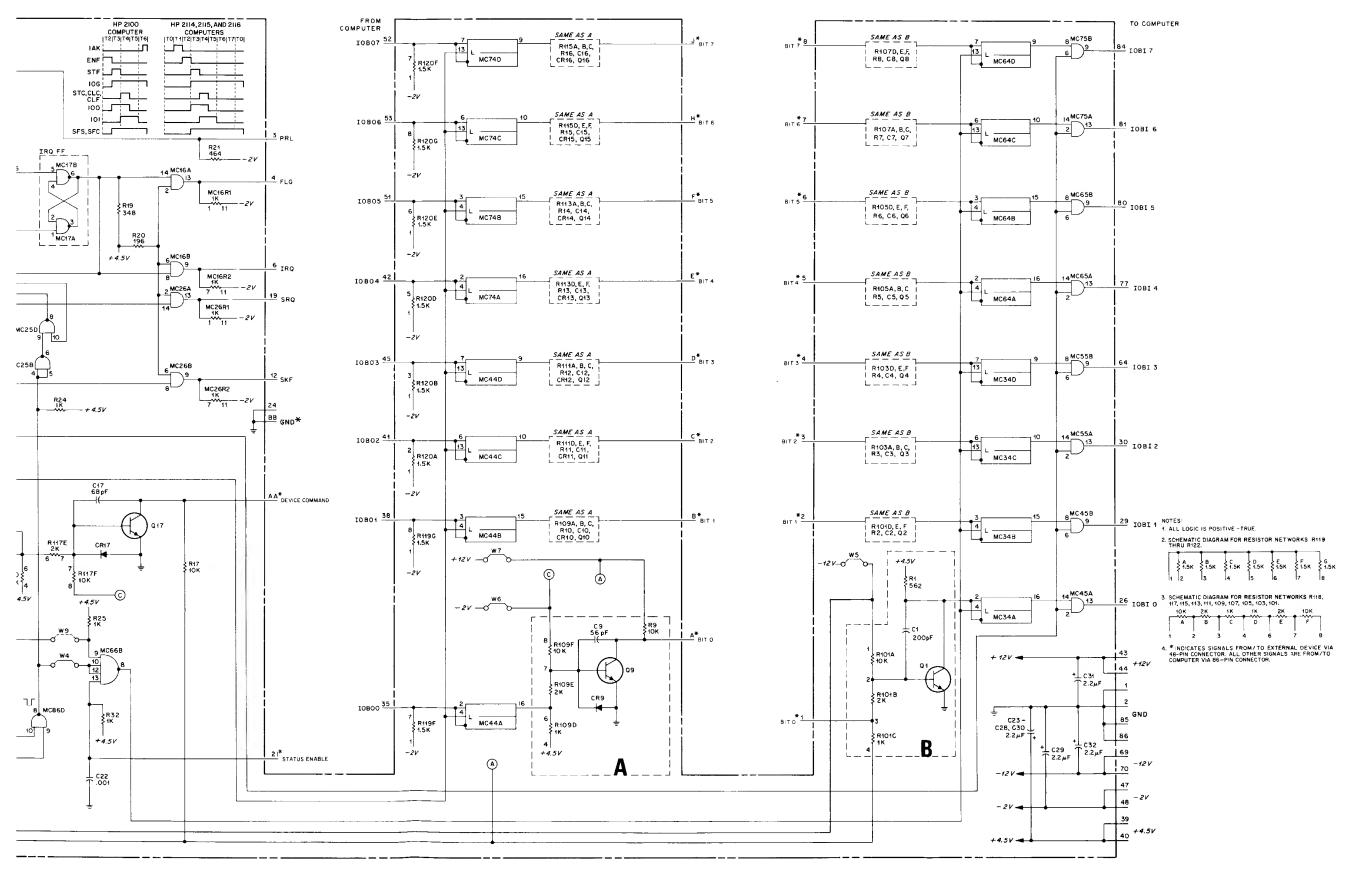


Figure 5-2. 8-Bit Duplex Register Interface Card Parts Location and Logic Diagram

12597 A-002 Section VI

### **SECTION VI**

## REPLACEABLE PARTS

### 6-1. INTRODUCTION.

- 6-2. This section provides information for ordering replacement parts for the 12597A-002 Tape Reader Interface Kit. Table 6-1 is a numerical listing of all replaceable parts in the interface kit.
- 6-3. An interface card replaceable parts list (table 5-1) and parts location diagram (figure 5-2) are provided in Section V of this manual.
- 6-4. Tables 5-1 and 6-1 list the following information for each replaceable part:
- a. Reference designation of the part (table 5-1 only). (Refer to table 6-2 for an explanation of the abbreviations used in the REFERENCE DESIGNATION column.)
  - b. Hewlett-Packard part number.
- c. Description of the part. Refer to table 6-2 for an explanation of the abbreviations used in the DESCRIPTION column.
- d. A five digit code that corresponds to the manufacturer of the part. (Refer to table 6-3 for a code list of manufacturers.)

- e. Manufacturer's part number.
- f. Total quantity (TQ) of each part used in the kit or assembly (table 6-1 only).

### 6-5. ORDERING INFORMATION.

- 6-6. To order replacement parts, address the order or inquiry to the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. Refer to the list at the back of this manual for addresses. Specify the following information for each part ordered:
- a. Identification of the instrument, kit, or assembly containing the part (refer to paragraph 1-8).
  - b. Hewlett-Packard part number for each part.
  - c. Description of each part.
- d. Circuit reference designation for each part (if applicable).

Table 6-1. Numerical Listing of Replaceable Parts

HP PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NO.	тα
0140-0191	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 56 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0191	8
0140-0192	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 68 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0192	1
0140-0198	Capacitor, Fxd, Mica, 200 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0198	9
0160-0153	Capacitor, Fxd, My, 1000 pF, 10%, 200 VDCW	28480	0160-0153	2
0160-0154	Capacitor, Fxd, My, 2200 pF, 10%	28480	0160-0154	2
0180-0197	Capacitor, Fxd, Elect, 2.2 uF, 10%, 20 VDCW	56289	150D225X 9020A2	10
0698-0082	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 464 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-0082	1
	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 196 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-3440	I .
0698-3440 0698-3445	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 196 offms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0698-3445	3 3
0030-5443	110313101, 1 Xu, 1 1111, 0 10 0111113, 1 70, 1 7014	20400	0000 0140	
0757-0280	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 1k, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0280	4
0757-0401	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 100 ohms, 1/8W	28480	0757-0401	2
0757-0417	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 562 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0417	9
0757-0442	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 10.0 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0442	9
0757-1094	Resistor, Fxd, Flm, 1.47k, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-1094	1
1251-0332	Connector, PC	13511	143-024-08	1
			(1158)	
1810-0008	Resistor Network (6 fxd flm resistors)	28480	1810-0008	10
1810-0020	Resistor Network (7 fxd flm resistors)	28480	1810-0020	4
1820-0054	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7400A	8
1820-0068	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7410A	2
1820-0069	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7420A	1
1820-0071	Integrated Circuit, TTL	56289	USN7440A	2
1820-0301	Integrated Circuit, TTL	01295	SN7475N	4
	· ·			3
1820-0956	Integrated Circuit, CTL	07263	SL3459	3
1820-0974	Integrated Circuit, CTL	07263	SL4817	4
1854-0215	Transistor, Si, NPN	04713	SPS3611	18
1901-0040	Diode, Si, 30 mA, 30 WV	07263	FDG1088	9
8159-0005	Jumper Wire	28480	8159-0005	7
12597-6001	Tape Reader Interface Card	28480	12597-6001	1
12597-6004	Cable	28480	12597-6004	1
12597-90022	Operating and Service Manual	28480	12597-90022	1

